Unit Plans BA 1st (1st semester) Subject : History History of India upto 1200 A.D Unit I

Time :3 hour Max mark :100 Theory : 90 int. Asst : 10

Topics	Teaching Points	Specific objectives	Methods/Approaches Techniques	Resources/links
I. Major source of history: literary, archaeological findings, inscription coins and travel's accounts. II. Harappan Civilization: extent, town planning, social, economic and religious life. III. Rig vedic age: political and economic life social and religion life.	 Introduce the students ancient period of Indian history. Main sources literary as well as archaeological sources. Harappan age; its special features political, social economic or religion life. Theories regarding the original home of the Aryans; vedic age and its special features. 	 To provide students a broader meaning of history and specially ancient period. To clear the history and pre- history period with the help of archaeological Source. To encourage the student to take part in open discussions regarding the area of our studies. Enable them to develop their own point of view. 	 a. classroom teaching. b. open discussion. c. use of blackboard and PPT (PowerPoint presentation techniques). d. map of work. e. library work. 	 Ancient India and historical outline, D.N Tha, Delhi, Manohar. Ancient India, V.D Mahajan. India's ancient past, R.S Sharma, Delhi.

Unit-2

Topics	Teaching Points	Specific objectives	Methods/Approaches Techniques	Resources/links
IV Republic and kingdoms: Mahajanpadas, the rise of Magadha. V Jainism and Buddhism: life and teachings of Mahavira and Gautam Buddha. VI The Mauryan Empire: Central and provincial administration, revenue, Ashoka's Dhamma.	 About the Republican development under ancient period special reference to Magadh. life and teaching of Gautam Buddha and Mahavir Swami. Establishment of Mauryan Empire under Chandra gupta & Ashoka and Ashoka's Dharma and his works for Buddhism. 	 To provide a clear concept of Ancient India in the time of mahajanapadas. To motivate the students to take part in open discussion in the class. Enable students to analyses the fact critical. 	a. classroom teaching.b. library work.c. Assignment.d. Map work with the help of blackboard.	 The Wonder That was India, A.L. Bhasham, Calcutta. Ancient India, V.D. Mahajan.

Topics	◆ Teaching Points	Specific objectives	Methods/Approach es Techniques	Resources/links
VII Post Mauryan period: decline of Mauryas and kanishka and his achievements. VIII Gupta Empire: social economic or scientific development under guptas. IX Rise of southern Kingdom: administration under pallvas, rashtrakhutas, chalukyas.	 Regarding the causes for the decline of Mauryan Empire. Rise and development of Gupta Empire. Gupta Empire compare as the classical/ golden age of India's history. Cultural development and administration of pallvas rashtrakutas and chalukyas. 	 provide the students broader aspect of Mauryan and post Mayuran periods. Motivate the student to take part in classroom discussion. comparative study 	a. open discussion.b. Debate.c. Lectures.d. Library.	 Ancient India, Romila Thapar. Concise history of South India, New Delhi.

Unit-4

Topics	Teaching Points	Specific objectives	Method/Approaches Techniques	Resources/links
X Regional kingdoms in the North: administration under Harsh vardhan: origin of Rajputs. XI South Indian States: administration of Cholas, Taxation and trade under Pandayas. XII Maps: i. important historical places. ii. Extent of Harappan civilization. iii. Maurya kingdom under Ashoka.	 About the establishment of vardhan empire under Harsh vardhan. Vardhan Administration and patronage of budhism. Development of art and architecture under cholas specially temple architecture. 	 To provide the student a broader aspect of vardhan empire. comparison of southern art and northern art. map work related with main sites of Indus Valley civilization and empire of Ashoka. 	 a. open discussion. b. classroom discussion. c. Debate. d. map work/ use of blackboard. e. library work. 	 The History of Ancient India, V.D Mahajan. Essay on Ancient Indian history, Satish Chandra, Oxford University Press